

A view of the playing hall in Edinburgh's historic chess club

| 1-0 | Bremner, Adam |
|---------|------------------------|
| 0-1 | Berry, Neil |
| 1/2_1/2 | Burnett, Andrew |
| 0-1 | Michielsen, Joost |
| 1-0 | Hamitevici, Vladimir |
| | 0-1 1/2-1/2 0-1 |

nother battle of the big guns today as Callum Kilpatrick played an excellent game to down top seed Vlad Hametivici. Vlad has only shown glimpses so far of his true strength and will be hoping for a better second half of the event. I survived, barely, in a tough game against Fiona while Colin and Neil both won cleanly. Neil's win in particular deserves a look.

Unfortunately Iain Swan had to withdraw owing to illness (sadly, he would be joined in successive days by his west-coast counterparts in the Challenger's event) and it was Andrew Green who stepped up to the plate to face Joost. Andrew very nearly upset the form book too, but the flying Dutchman (yes, I know, apologies!) turned the game around and secured the full point.

(16) McNab,Colin (2457) - Bremner,Adam (2189) [A14]

Winter Chess Festival -Premier (4.1), 30.12.2013

1.c4 ②f6 2.g3 e6 3.②f3 d5 4.b3 逾e7 5.逾g2 0-0 6.0-0 a5!? An interesting idea which I first saw in an old Gelfand game I believe. Black forestalls some of white's q-side expansion plans. 7.逾a3 逾xa3 ৩e7 9.豐c1 c6 10.豐b2 ②a6 11.d3N Colin enjoys playing within this pawn structure. 11...필e8 12.필fc1 e5 13.cxd5 cxd5 14.②b5 逾d7 15.a4 逾c6 16.d4 e4 17.②e5 ②b4 18.豐c3 Black has a perfectly decent position, but his next move is one of those 'casual howlers' which haunt us all from time to time. 18...②d7?? 19.②xc6 bxc6 20.②c7 冨ab8 21.②xe8 營xe8 22.逾h3! g6 [22...②f8 doesn't really help because the white bishop already has a new life, whether it gets exchanged or not.] 23.逾xd7 營xd7 24.營e3 營c7 25.冨c5 查g7 26.查g2 h6 27.g4 g5 28.營g3 營xg3+29.fxg3!



I like this recapture. White has rooks and rooks require files to play along. It also prevents any black action in the forthcoming R&P ending which doubtless Colin had foreseen. 29... 是a8 30. 是f1 f6 31. 全f2 全g6 32. 全e3 是a7 33. 全d2 是a8 34.h3 是a7 35. 全c3 是a8 36. 是xa5! The simplest way to break down black's blockade. 36... 全a2+ 37. 全b2 是xa5 38. 全xa2 c5 39. 全a3! Getting his own pawns moving while minimising the amount, or speed, of the opponent's counterplay is essential to good technique in R&P endings. 39...cxd4 40.b4 是a8 41.b5 是c8 42.b6 是c3+43. 全b4 是c2 44. 是b1 d3 45.exd3 e3 46.b7 e2 47. 全b3 [and not falling for 47.b8 e1 世 + 48. 是xe1 是b2+ although white should still win this. A big blunder from Adam, but good technique from Colin thereafter.] 1-0

(17) MacQueen, Calum (2240) - Berry, Neil (2242) [E54]

Winter Chess Festival -Premier (4.2), 30.12.2013

1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.\(\Delta\)c3 \(\Delta\)b4 4.\(\Delta\)f3 \(\Delta\)f6 5.e3 0-0 6.\(\Delta\)d3 c5 7.0-0 cxd4 8.exd4 dxc4 9.\(\Delta\)xc4 b6 10.\(\Delta\)g5 \(\Delta\)b7 This is a position very-well known to theory. When I saw Calum play his next move I thought it was a bit unusual, and indeed it is only a minor side-line in this variation. I remember thinking at the time that Karpov must have played this position dozens of times as black and he wouldn't have done so if Ne5 followed by Qa4 were correct. Checking it now on ChessBase I see the line we are in (...cxd4, ...dxc4,...b6,...Bb7) is known as 'Karpov's Game'! Calum's approach may be just about ok (white

does generally have a little more leeway than black in most openings) but it is a bit too crude to refute such a well-documented line. 11. 2e5!? 2c6



rather dangerous, e.g. 12.\(\mathbb{L}\)xf6 \(\mathbb{U}\)xf6 13.\(\Delta\)d7 \(\mathbb{U}\)h4 18. 2xd4 \$c5 19. \$\mathbb{Z}\$ ad1 \$\mathbb{\mathbb{H}}\$ g4 20.g3 h5 and black had an extremely dangerous attack in Vidal - Cheparinov, Linares 2005] **12...≜xc3** [12...****2xc4] **13.bxc3 **2xe5N 14.dxe5 \did d7 These are the little tactical nuances which stronger players use all the time and which average players struggle to see far enough in advance to utilise them. **15. Bb3?!** [15. **Ex**d7 is better but after 15... **2**xd7 16.\(\mathbb{I}\)fe1 \(\mathbb{I}\)fc8 black should be at least fine here as white's bishop pair have yet to find useful roles, whereas his c3 and e5 pawns are a bit sensitive.] 15... #c6 16.f3 #c5+ 17. 中 1 增xe5 so black wins a pawn and still has most of the positional pluses. 18. 全h4 罩ac8 19. 罩ad1 包d5 [19... 4e4!? was also possible and shows the latent energy in black's position] 20. 2xd5?! Calum, perhaps dismayed at how quickly things have turned sour, fails to put up the strongest resistance. 20... 2xd5 21. 2a3 2xc3 22. Wxa7 We2 I remember Neil spending quite a lot of time around here, but it was time well-spent as he plays very accurately to the end. 23. 28 xb6?! which comes quickly after this move. 23... \(\mathbb{Z}xf3! \) 24. \(\mathbb{Z}fe1? \) and now it's just mate. [24.gxf3 would be little better 24... 2xf3+ A disappointing loss for Calum but another excellently played game by Neil who was probably wishing he was black in every game! 0-1

(18) Steil Antoni, Fiona (2190) – Burnett, Andrew (2209) [C41]

Winter Chess Festival -Premier(4.3), 30.12.2013

Notes by Fiona Steil-Antoni

1.e4 d6 2.d4 Nf6 3.Nc3 e5 4.Nf3 Nbd7 I hadn't expected Andy to play the Philidor, but as I occasionally play this opening myself as Black I was lucky to be a little bit familiar with some plans. 5.Bc4 Be7 6.0-0 0-0 7.Re1 c6 8.a4 Qc7 [8...a5 is the most common move and also the one I play as Black myself, which is why after 8... C7 I had to pause and come up with a development plan.; 8...b6 is another option and probably the right move order if you want to play with b6. 9.d5 cxd5 10.Nxd5 There are still plenty of games in this position in the database.] 9.Ba2 b6 10.h3 a6 11.Bg5 Bb7 12.Nh4! I wasn't completely sure about this move during the game, but the computer considers it White's only option to get an ad-

vantage. 12...Rfe8 [I was expecting Andy to play There is of course no way to win this endgame as my □12...g6 and strangely enough the computer now rec- king is far too exposed. 37.Kf1 Qa1+ 38.Ke2 Qe5 ommends 13.Nf3 (13.f4!? was the move I was intending 39.Qd7+ Kg6 40.Qe8+ Kg7 41.Qe7+ Kg6 42.Qe8+ Kg7 to play.) 13...Rfe8 14.dxe5 dxe5 15.Qe2± With a slightly 43.Qh5 Qg3 44.Qg4 Qe5 45.Kf1 [I so upset with myself better position for White.] 13.dxe5 dxe5 14.Nf5 I was for spoiling my advantage that I even considered 45.g3 very happy with my position at this point. When going as I wanted to find a way to play on at all costs. However through our game later on Andy and I wondered where after 45...hxg3 46.h4 Qc3 (46...Kf6 is bad because of he had gone wrong, but I guess it might just be the 47.Qh5±) 47.Qxg5+ Kf7= the position is still only a draw.] slightly imprecise move order with 8... #c7 that led him to 45...Qa1+ 46.Ke2 Qc1 47.Qxe6 Qxc2+ 48.Ke3 Qc3+ this unpleasant position. 14...Nc5 15.Qf3 Ne6



16.Bxe6 [△16.Nh6+ was even stronger: 16...gxh6 (16...Kf8 17.Bxe6 fxe6 18.a5+-) 17.Bxf6 Nf4 18.Bxe7 Qxe7 19.Ne2±] 16...fxe6 17.Nxe7+ Rxe7 18.Bxf6 Rf8 **19.Bxe5** [≤19.Bxe7 Andy told me afterwards that he had totally forgotten about this move, but when looking at this line during the game I thought that after 19...Rxf3 20.gxf3 Qxe7 21.Ne2 a5∞ Black would get enough counterplay as he will activate the bishop over a6.] 19...Qxe5 20.Qe3 I won a pawn, but converting my advantage into a full point turned out to be much trickier than I thought... 20...c5 21.Rad1 Bc6 22.Rd2 [□22.Qd3 is stronger as I am forcing the exchange of the queens: 22...Qf4 23.Qd6 Qxd6 (23...Qxf2+?? 24.Kh1+-) 24.Rxd6 Rc8 25.f3±] 22...b5 23.axb5 axb5 24.f3 Ref7 25.Ne2 b4 26.Red1 Bb5 27.b3 Bxe2 28.Qxe2 Qg3 29.Rd8 g5? So far everything had more or less gone according to plan, but being rather short on time I started losing the thread now: 30.Rxf8+?! I was happy to exchange a pair of rooks to prevent any kind of sacrifice on f3, but this move turned out to be my first mistake. [□30.Qa6 with the same idea of exchanging the queens was stronger again. 30...Qe5 31.Qd6 Qxd6 32.R8xd6+- This endgame has to be winexchange. 34.Rxa1 Qxa1+ 35.Kf2 Qe5± Although I am still a pawn up I guess that just as in the game Black should manage to hold a draw here.] 34.Qe7?! Another again. [△34.Kf2! was winning as Black doesn't have Ra1 any longer and I will just be able to improve my position. 34...Rf8 (34...g4 was the move I was worried about but pushed off the board. 22... day 23.g5 ♠h5 24. e2 e5! after 35.hxg4 hxg4 36.Qe7 g3+ 37.Ke2 I am simply win-35...Rf7 36.Qe8+ Kg7 37.Rd8 Qc3 38.Qh8+ Kg6 activity to the knight.] 26...曾xg5+ 27.曾g4 包xh3+ 28.全f1 39.Rg8+ Rg7 40.Qxg7+ Qxg7 41.Rxg7+ the endgame with a pawn up is of course winning.] 34...h4? 35.Rd8+? The decisive mistake. I kind of realised that the queen left and couldn't really come up with any other move... [□35.Kf2! was still winning! 35...c4 (35...Qg3+ 36.Kf1 \(\begin{array}{c} \alpha 6 \) 35.\(\begin{array}{c} \alpha 5 \) \(\begin{array}{c} \alpha 6 \) 35.\(\begin{array}{c} \alpha 5 \) \(\begin{array}{c} \alpha 6 \) 35.\(\begin{array}{c} \alpha 6 \) 35.\

49.Ke2 An interesting and well-fought game where I spoilt my advantage when panicking in zeitnot, but Andy deserves all the credit for defending very tenaciously once he found himself in a rather difficult position.

1/2-1/2

(19) Green, Andrew (2148) - Michielsen, Joost (2343) [A30]

Winter Chess Festival -Premier(4.4), 30.12.2013

With Iain Swan unfortunately having to withdraw due to illness, Andrew Green was the first of the Challenger's players to step up and fill the gap. 1. 2f3 c5 2.c4 2f6 3.g3 b6 4.\(\dong{1}g2 \\dong{1}gb7 5.0-0 g6 6.\(\delta\)c3 \\dong{1}g7 7.d4 cxd4 8.豐xd4 0-0 9.豐h4 d6 10.臭h6 包bd7 11.罩fd1 罩c8 played and instantly thought it just couldn't be good. 13...h6 is less committal]



14.exf3! If the Bg2 were to be blocked in or side-lined ning for me.] 30...Rxf8 31.Qc4 Qe5 32.Qd3 Ra8 33.Qd7 then black's play would have some justification, however h5? [□33...Ra1 was better in order to force the rooks with f4 available white should be clearly better [14.\2xf3 14...罩c5 15.營d4 營b8 16.f4 空g8 17.罩d2 罩fc8 18.臭f1 a6 19.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e1 \(\mathbb{Z}\)e2 20.b4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)cc8 21.h3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)c7 22.g4 white's plan is inaccuracy as Black could have replied with Ra1 once to gradually take away the squares from black's knights and then use his space advantage to build up an attack. Black will have to do something soon to avoid being and here it is, a well-timed counterthrust. 25. #xd6 2xf4 ning.) 35.Qe7 I am threatening to play Rd7 and after 26. and [26.h4 looks to be necessary, restricting black's was his pieces being a bit loose, so black ought to have kept his queen active on b2 or c2 to restrict his opponent. endgame would only be a draw, but I only had seconds 31. 2d5 [31. 2e4! heading to d6 would win comfortably 31... #f4 32. 4d6] **31... #gc6 32. #f3 h5 33.a4 e4 34. #h3** Qe5 37.Rd7+-) 36.Ke2+-] 35...Rxd8 36.Qxd8+ Kf7 ter, but time-trouble had reared its ugly head.] 35...b5 [35... Zed8! first would have avoided the fork we see in

the game] 36.axb5 axb5 37.2c7 \(\frac{1}{2}e5 \) 38.2xb5 \(\frac{1}{2}d2 \) far too slow. Indeed the computer thinks White is almost 39.c5 [39.\(\mathbb{@}\)e3 would prevent black's next] 39...e3! 40.f3 winning here! 13.dxc5 it hadn't occured to either of us **≝d8?** [40... Exe2! wins cleanly because after 41. ⊈xe2 that White could simply capture on g6, instead I opted to \(\frac{\pi}{2} \)d5 threatens ...Rd2 and the only sensible-looking de- exchange these pawns and release the tension in thefence 42.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d1 allows 42...\(\mathbb{Z}\)xd1 43.\(\dot{\psi}\)xd1 \(\ddot{\psi}\)g1+ 44.\(\dot{\psi}\)c2 e2 centre [13.hxg6! would have been simple and strong, and the pawn queens] 41. 2 d6 2 after 13...c4 (13...hxg6 14. 4 h3 with 15. Bh6 to follow) [42... 營d5! again with the idea of taking on e2 looks to be 14.gxh7+ 空h8 15. 鱼h6 包e8 16. 鱼xg7+ 包xg7 17. 鱼xc4 very strong 43. Ee1 Exe2? but now it doesn't really work! Wxc4 18. Wg3+- is crushing, Black's extra minor piece is 44. 2e8+? or at least it shouldn't [44. Exe2 Wb1+ 45. Ee1 fairly irrelevant here!] 13...dxc5 [13... 2xc5 | had exand the counter threats on f7 restrict black's activity pected this recapture, but now White's bishop is safe 45... #d3+ (45... #a2 46. #xf7+ #xf7 47. 4xf7 4xf7 4xf7 48. from any ... c4 tricks 14. \$\docume{2}g5! looks very pleasant for e2 and my money would be on white to win-the 2 con- White, who holds all the cards here] 14.2f4 [14.hxg6! nected passed pawns being stronger than black's.) 46. 如 was again strong] 14... 包e5 [14...e5? loses to a neat seg1 罩g5+ 47.空h1 彎d5 48.空e8+! now this would be a quence 15.皇g5 c4 16.h6! 皇h8 17.罩xd7!! ②xd7 (17...皇xd7 good move!] 44...\$\dong h6 45.\textbf{2}xe2 \textbf{\textit{mb1+}} 46.\textbf{\textbf{e}} = \textbf{\textbf{mc2}} and \ 18.\textbf{\textit{2}}xf6 \ cxb3 \ 19.\textbf{\textbf{2}}xh8 \ f5 \ 20.\textbf{\textbf{g}}g7+-) \ 18.\textbf{\textbf{d}}d5+-] \ 15.hxg6 here is the difference; f7 is no longer attacked and black hxg6 16. 9h3 I thought I was close to winning after this has time to combine against the white king. 47. 2e2 Wc1+ move, however, I began to lose my way as I became in-48.≅e1 e2+ 49.Ġf2 ∰e3+ 50.Ġg2 ≅g5+ An exciting creasingly frustrated at not being able to find a checkgame which Andrew should consider himself a bit un- mate! [16. 23 was my original intention, which looked lucky to lose. 0-1

(20) Kilpatrick, Callum (2350) - Hamitevici, Vladmir (2508) [B06]

Winter Chess Festival -Premier (4.5), 30.12.2013 (Notes by Callum Kilpatrick)

1.e4 g6 2.d4 \(\frac{1}{2}\)g7 3.\(\frac{1}{2}\)c3 c6 4.\(\frac{1}{2}\)c4 d6 [Unsurprisingly, Hamitevici chose not to repeat his game against Williams in the European Club Cup 4...b5 5. \$\ddots b3 e6? 6.e5\pm where White already had a clear plus, although he ended up losing in: 0-1 Williams,S (2463)-Hamitevici,V (2490)/ Rhodes GRE 2013 (56); 4...d5 this blunt option has also been essayed a few times, however 5.exd5 b5 6.\dot\dot\dot{b}3 b4 7. 營f3!± is very strong 5. 營f3 e6 6. 公qe2 this set-up seems at first rather counter-intuitive but I was drawn to the idea of simply developing quickly and getting on with it. Although there is a risk of White's pieces getting in a tangle, Black is yet to get out of the starting blocks 6... Øf6 7. gg5 Øbd7 8. gb3 useful prophylaxis against any potential tricks with ...d5 8... as lightly artificial way of keeping the bishop on g5, already we were in relatively uncharted territory 9...0-0 [in one of the few games in this line 9...e5 was played by Krasenkow, but after 10.0-0-0 h6 11.≜xf6 4\(\hat{\psi}\)xf6 12.dxe5 dxe5 13.\(\beta\)d6 g4 14. d3 gxe2 15. 2xe2 dc7 16. d1 White had achieved an excellent position, although he soon lost his way 16...0-0 here 17.h5! would have caused big problems for the second player (17.g4?! 0-1 Robak,Z (2350)-Krasenkow, M (2605) / Augustow 1996 / CBM 57 (34)) 17... ②xh5 18. ∰f3! ②f4 19. ጃd7 ②xe2+ 20. ☆b1!+-; 9... b5? 10.e5!±] 10.\(\daggerd\) d2 now the bishop drops back, mainly as I couldn't think of anything better to do... [10.0-0-0 b5 didn't really take my fancy, this time 11.e5 doesn't offer the same rewards as on the previous move 11...dxe5 12. ₩xc6 \(\mathbb{Z} b8\(\mathbb{T} \) \(11.0-0-0 \) already there is a lot going on in the position, and it is quite hard to say exactly who it favours - White can quite easily see his lightsquared bishop getting ensnared by an eventual ...c4 11...a6 [11... a6 12.h5 looks very promising for White since 12...c4 is just met by 13.Ba4; perhaps Black should change the character of the position with 11...cxd4 but 12. 2 xd4 again looks promising for White who can push the h-pawn and eye Black's weak pawn on d6] 12.h5! just getting on with it! 12... 27 this is con sistent, but Black's plan of trapping the light-squared bishop seems

very tempting 16...♦h5 17.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xh5 (17.\(\mathbb{Z}\)h4!?±) 17...gxh5 18. \$\delta\$h6 f5 19. \$\delta\$f4! is a neat retreat that did not occur to either of us, again this looks good for White(19.4) \$\delta h7\$ in our post-mortem of the game, we decided Black had sufficient counterplay in these positions)] 16...b5



17.a3 psychologically, an admission of defeat. Surprisingly, the computer still insists White is doing well though 17...c4 [17...b4 18.axb4 cxb4 19.2a4 and Black's counterplay stalls, whilst White may continue with moves such as Bh6, f3, Kb1, etc.] 18. 2a2 Ee8 over the board I started to run low on time as I couldn't see a clear win. However, just playing simple chess would have done the trick here 19. ₩h2? this throws away pretty much all of White's advantage [19.\deltah6! I'm still n ot sure why this straightforward idea did not occur to myself nor Hamitevici 19... h8 20.≜g5! ≜g7□ 21. Wh4!+- and Black is just completely lost here] 19...♦h5 20.≜e3 ₩e7 21.f3 b4 22.4b1? [22.axb4 wxb4 23.b1 b8 24.c1 although it looked incredibly grim, this would have allowed White to cling on, as 24...\$h6?? 25. \$\mathbb{\ma rushed [22...\Bb8 just keeping the tension with 22...Rb8 looked better, it is hard to see what, if anything, White can do here] **23.cxb3 cxb3** [23...43d3+ 24.4xd3 cxd3 25. Dec3 White seems to have some compensation here, at the very least I was grateful to see I am not getting quickly, but White is now able to start untangling. White no longer seems to be worse 25. 2d4 \ axb3 [White's pieces are shown to be surprisingly well co-ordinated in

balanced position] 26. axe5 曾c5+ 27. ac3 by now we e2□ axb1 41. Exb1 Eb3 and Black has more than enough were both very short on time 27... #e3+ 28. ad2 counterplay to hold 38. ac3 now White can consolidate [Ostensibly it looks risky but 28. 中 c2 was stronger, since 38... 里 c4 39. 里 f1 皇 f8 40. 皇 x f8 41. 里 ff2! [41. 中 d1?? 28... \Bar{\text{\tinte\text{\te}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\t tion after 30... 2e6+ 31. 空c2±] 28... 2d7? [28... e5 was to be careless! 41... 三xc3!] 41... 空e7 42. 空d1 2c6 43. 空e2 possible] 29. #g1 [29.g4! was strong, after the relatively Bb3 44. De3 Black is just gradually being pushed back, forced sequence 29... Beb8 30. \$\dold xg7 \dold xg7 \dol 32. #e5+ \$\dot\gamma g8 33. #xb2 \$\overline{\pi}xb2 \$\overline{\pi}xb2 \$\overline{\pi}x\overline{\pi}3 35. \$\overline{\pi}h2\$ the rooks off. Hamitevici lashes out in desperation, but in [29... \$\dagger h6 30.g4! would likely transpose] 30.\(\mathbb{Z}\text{xg1} \\dagger \dagger h6 45.\(\mathbb{Z}\text{xb2} \)\(\mathbb{Z}\text{xc3+ 46.}\\dagger d4 \)\(\mathbb{Z}\text{xa3 47.}\)\(\mathbb{Z}\text{a2} \)\(\mathbb{Z}\text{h3 48.}\)\(\mathbb{Z}\text{xa6} \\dagger d5 \) somewhat and now White is simply a pawn to the good mating net, either by doubling the rooks on the back rank 33....皇g7 34.邑d2 邑b7 35.e5?! [35.皇f6! was just strong, I or the h-file 52.中c5 邑h3 53.中d6 邑a3 54.邑h2 邑a6+ 55.中 wasn't sure if this was wise so soon before the time con- c5 \mathbb{Z}a5+ 56.\dot{\phi}b4 \mathbb{Z}a8 57.\mathbb{Z}xa8 \dot{\partial}xxa8 \dot{ trol in case I miscalculated. However, the plan of meeting simply march his king to e7 and then target Black's weak 35...e5 with 36.Nc3 and then doubling the rooks on the h pawn on f7. Though this game was far from perfect it did -file is simple and winning by the looks of it] 35...2c6 have some interesting moments. Notable were the psythe inevitable dark-squared bishop exchange White has both suddenly petered out. This game proved instrumen-[37... gradulent for a second f have probably saved Black, now 39. dd1 (39. days 2000) and control of the contro

31.q4 &f4 32.q5 &xe2+ 33.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xe2 the dust has settled 49.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a7+ \(\dectri{D}\)f8 50.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c7 \(\dectri{D}\)q7 51.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c8 \(\mathbb{Z}\)h4+- building a neat 36.f4 this pawn structur e looked tempting because after chological shifts when White's and then Black's attacks an almost risk-free position 36... 2c8 37. 2b4 2d5+ tal in helping me secure my final IM norm at a very well-



Luxembourg's top female player, WIM Fiona Steil-Antoni, in play against the eventual tournament winner